Years 1 - 2

The following are a series of actions that KCRHA and our partners will work on during the first two years of this plan. All these actions can be achieved under the current allocated budget and do not require additional funding.

Year 1 - Year 2			
Key Actions	Topic Areas	Impact	Status
(1-2) A. Develop a real-time bed availability tool inclusive of all types of shelter and emergency housing	Data Resource Availability	Insight into real-time shelter vacancies will allow for greater enrollments into the shelter system at any given time which will improve our understanding of how many single adults, families and youth may be accessing the system.	In progress
(1-2) B.Partner with the behavioral health organizations to support connections to behavioral health services.	Behavioral Health Health Care High-Acuity System Connection Enhanced Care	Establishing connections and providing smooth transitions for individuals to behavioral health supports enhances the quality of care, mitigates future needs for support, and increases the chances of success in permanent housing; ultimately reducing rates of return into homelessness and increasing throughput in homelessness programs.	Not yet started
(1-2) C. Partner with King County Behavioral Health and Recovery Division and Public Health and Healthcare for the Homeless Network to improve communication, coordination, education, and information sharing across our homelessness response system for high acuity individuals.	Behavioral Health Health Care High-Acuity System Connection	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly which can increase the chances of success in permanent housing, increase throughput in our system, and reduce returns to homelessness.	In progress
(1-2) D.In partnership with local jurisdictions, provide expertise and support in an effort to increase temporary	Sub-Regional Planning Infrastructure	Working with cities and ensuring there are ample housing options across the region will increase the	Not yet started

housing, sheltering and homelessness services while maintaining the current level of services in every sub-region.		number of temporary and permanent units available in the system.	
(1-2) E.Coordinate with faith-based communities to identify untapped physical spaces to be used in severe weather shelters.	Severe Weather Community Involvement	With increased sheltering options, we will have a better understanding of the scale of unsheltered homelessness and more individuals will become connected to services.	In progress
(1-2) F.Identify and evaluate spaces for severe weather with cities to expand the number of indoor options during severe weather events	Severe Weather	With increased sheltering options, we will have a better understanding of the scale of unsheltered homelessness and more individuals will become connected to services.	In progress
(1-2) G.Deploy coordinated severe weather response that incorporates innovative practices and responds to immediate needs	Severe Weather Systemwide Standardization	With increased sheltering options, we will have a better understanding of the scale of unsheltered homelessness and more individuals will become connected to services which should ultimately work towards increases of exits to permanent housing .	In progress
(1-2) H.Expand outreach contracts to be appropriately staffed during severe weather events, including evening support.	Severe Weather Outreach	The ability to reach more people through outreach will provide more opportunities for individuals to access services .	In progress
(1-2) I.Incorporate allowances for severe weather shelter response into existing contracts, to support a standardized severe weather response.	Severe Weather Systemwide Standardization	Standardization of approach across the system means that KCRHA can more reliably and consistently activate emergency protocols which should increase opportunities for unsheltered individuals to access services .	Not yet started
(1-2) J.Improve guests' connection to services beyond the severe weather event.	Severe Weather Coordinated Services	Through building in protocols that would have a severe weather shelter act as a pathway into receiving further care and housing support, we should increase opportunities for unsheltered individuals to access services and provide more pathways to exit to permanent housing .	In progress

(1-2) K.Align with cities' comprehensive planning efforts for the future development of temporary and permanent housing options.	Sub-Regional Planning Infrastructure	Working with cities and ensuring there are ample housing options across the region will increase the total number of temporary and permanent housing units available in the system.	Not yet started
(1-2) L.Improve coordination between Domestic Violence and Gender-Based Violence services to support families and individuals.	Families Single Adults DV/GBV Coordinated Services Population-Specific Care	Through supporting this coordination, more single adults, families and youth should be able to exit into permanent housing and increase throughput of the system .	Not yet started
(1-2) M.Enhance therapeutic support at existing programs supporting high acuity clients.	High-Acuity Enhanced Care Population-Specific Care	Providing greater therapeutic services to those in need of such services will support a greater number of clients accessing the system by ensuring they have adequate care in a temporary or permanent housing. Adequate care at each step of service will also support an increased throughput through the system .	Work will begin in Years 1-2 in a limited capacity. Additional funding is needed to implement the scale needed to meet the need.
(1-2) N.Resource outreach services with appropriate staffing and pathways to housing options.	Outreach Coordinated Services	Increased resources to outreach will allow for outreach staff being able to spend more time with clients to get them connected to additional services and supports which will lead to greater access of the homelessness response system and increases in exits to permanent housing.	Work will begin in Years 1-2 in a limited capacity. Additional funding is needed to implement the scale needed to meet the need.
(1-2) O.Increase capacity-building support to BIPOC organizations that are staffed by and serving disproportionately impacted communities, in order to support their entrance into or expand their	Equity Capacity Disproportionately	The expansion of services by BIPOC organizations will support addressing the racial disproportionalities of homelessness, increasing access to the system and ultimately more exits to permanent housing.	In-Motion Work will begin in Years 1-2 in a

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homelessness service work.	Represented Populations Population-Specific Care		limited capacity. Additional funding is needed to implement the scale needed to meet the need.
(1-2) P.Regularly evaluate the level of funding and percentage of investment into organizations and programs designed to support the needs of needs of Black, Native, LGBTQIA2S+, immigrant and refugee, people living with disabilities, and people exiting incarceration	Data Funding Disproportionately Represented Populations Population-Specific Care	The expansion of services by BIPOC organizations will support addressing the racial disproportionalities of homelessness, increasing access to the system and ultimately more exits to permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) Q.Expand administrative capacity to support the development of population-specific procurement, particularly focused on emergency housing options for Trans and gender non-conforming individuals.	Administrative Disproportionately Represented Populations Procurement Population-Specific Care	Increased administrative capacity of population-specific procurements will increase the number of temporary housing options.	Not yet started
(1-2) R.Develop funding opportunities for BIPOC "By and For" organizations to expand culturally relevant approaches	Disproportionately Represented Populations Equity Funding Population-Specific Care	The expansion of services by BIPOC organizations will support addressing the racial disproportionalities of homelessness, increasing access to the system and ultimately more exits to permanent housing.	Not yet started
(1-2) S.Expand outreach tailored to families experiencing homelessness.	Outreach Families	Greater access to outreach and diversion services will increase the number of families with children who access the homelessness response system, as well as increase their ability to find permanent housing .	Not yet started
(1-2) T.Develop and implement a grievance process that is accessible, safe,	Ombud	Data from the grievance processes developed under	In progress

and responsive to resolve client or funded partner concerns, problems, or complaints.	Accountability	this initiative will allow KCRHA to better adjust services to better meet the needs of individuals accessing services. Implementing these adjustments will increase access to the system and the number of exits to permanent housing.	
(1-2) U.Deploy an effective communications strategy to ensure the Ombuds Office is well-known and easily accessible, including the creation of centralized contact mechanisms (e.g., a hotline)	Ombud Accountability Administrative	Increased knowledge about the Ombuds Office will allow for increased trust in the service response system which will increase the number of people who will access the system.	In progress
(1-2) V.Provide regular reports to the Implementation Board on grievances filed and resolved by the Ombuds office, including relevant demographic trends in reports filed.	Ombud Accountability Administrative Data	Data from the grievance processes developed under this initiative will allow KCRHA to better adjust services to better meet the needs of individuals accessing services. Formalizing adjustments with policy form the board will increase access to the system and the number of exits to permanent housing.	Not yet started
(1-2) W.Stand-up an Ombud's Advisory Board.	Ombud Accountability Administrative	The advisory board will be able to direct and consult with the Office to adjust protocols and strategies to better meet the needs of individuals. Building greater trust in the Office from improved protocols and strategies should ultimately increase access to the system and the number of exits to permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) X.Continue improving Coordinated Entry prioritization mechanisms based on sub-regional information and Homelessness Management and Information Systems data as well as feedback from people with lived experience.	Coordinated Entry Sub-Regional Planning Data Accountability	Improvements to Coordinated Entry informed by these sources will drive more successful housing placements which should lead to increased throughput of the system and decreasing rates of return to homelessness .	Not yet started
(1-2) Y.Develop administrative capacity to support the Advisory Committee in their role advising the functions of Coordinated Entry.	Coordinated Entry Accountability	Improved oversight of Coordinated Entry will support more successful housing placements which should lead to increased throughput of the system and decreasing rates of return to homelessness.	In progress

(1-2) Z.Review and modify the design of the Regional Access Point program to improve the client experience and access to housing.	Coordinated Entry Sub-Regional Planning Data	Improved access to services through a Regional Access Point will increase the number of single adults, families and youth who can access the system .	Not yet started
(1-2) AA.Establish an equitable procurement process.	Accountability Procurement Funding	Equity in the procurement process will drive more geographic and sub-population specific distribution of resources which should address racial disproportionalities of homelessness while also increasing exits to permanent housing .	In progress
(1-2) AB.Implement a phased portfolio re-procurement process with comprehensive geographic coverage, service continuity with housing-focused resources at all points of connection, and close coordination with sub-population-specific providers.	Procurement Sub-Regional Planning Equity Disproportionately Represented Population Population-Specific Care	Equity in the procurement process will drive more geographic and sub-population specific distribution of resources which should increase access to the system, improve throughput, increase the exits to permanent housing, and reduce returns to homelessness.	In progress
(1-2) AC. Modify program reporting requirements to support meaningful data collection that captures system-wide performance outcomes and accounts for the full scope and nature of contracted services.	Data Accountability Performance Measurement	Capturing the data that is more meaningful to client experience will allow for better insight into what is and is not working well in our system. This provides a more accurate diagnostic tool for program and policy changes that can ultimately increase access to the system as well as exits to permanent housing.	Not yet started
(1-2) AD.Develop standards of best practices to be included in contract requirements in serving the needs of Black, Native, LGBTQIA2S+, immigrants and refugees, people living with disabilities, older adults, survivors of gender based violence, and people exiting incarceration	Procurement Standardization Disproportionately Represented Populations Population-Specific Care	Ensuring best practices and approaches are implemented means that these populations will be better served by the system which should drive decreases in racial disproportionalities of homelessness by race while also increasing exits to permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) AE. Design YYA programs, policies, and practices in partnership with young	YYA	Youth and Young Adults (YYA) involved in program	Not yet started

people to cultivate a strong sense of self-efficacy and belonging.	Program Design Population-Specific Care	design will yield models that better account for the needs of YYA long term which should increase exits to permanent housing, and decrease rates of return into homelessness.	
(1-2) AF. Integrate requirements for healing-centered and strengths-based approaches into all KCRHA-contracted services.	Program Design Procurement Systemwide Standardization	Integrating and requiring these approaches into programs will increase exits to permanent housing .	Not yet started
(1-2) AG. Evaluate program requirements to establish flexibility in funding.	Program Design Procurement Systemwide Standardization Funding	Adjusting program requirements to support flexibility for participants will improve an individual's continuation within a program which should increase exits to permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) AH. Establish a King County Youth Action Board (YAB) composed of a diverse group of Youth and Young Adults (YYA) with lived experience of homelessness to ensure that the voices of those most affected are centered in developing solutions.	YYA Systemwide Standardization Accountability Population-Specific Care	Youth and Young Adults (YYA) involved in program design will yield models that better account for the needs of YYA long term which should increase exits to permanent housing , and decrease rates of return into homelessness .	In progress
(1-2) AI. Refine and maintain, through quarterly updates, the Regional Services Database/Landscape Analysis of all homelessness programs within King County to support data-driven planning.	Data Accountability Sub-Regional Planning	Publicly available/accessible insight into all programs for people experiencing homelessness will allow for greater enrollments into the shelter system at any given time which will increase the number of single adults , families and youth who can access the system .	In progress
(1-2) AJ. Create an accurate and live inventory of all publicly funded homeless housing and shelter projects in the region.	Data Accountability Sub-Regional Planning Coordinated Services	Publicly available/accessible insight into all programs for people experiencing homelessness will allow for greater enrollments into the shelter system at any given time which will increase the number of single adults , families and youth who can access the system .	In progress

(1-2) AK. Create a Community Based Participatory Research group within KCRHA comprised of individuals from communities most impacted by homelessness	Data Accountability Disproportionately Represented Populations	Living into the Theory of Change and having data design and interpretation by those with lived experience will improve our research methods which will improve our overall understanding of how homelessness is experienced.	In progress
(1-2) AL. Coordinate across providers and systems to provide long-term support for families transitioning from homelessness to permanent housing.	Coordinated Services System Coordination Families	Greater support to families with children transitioning to permanent housing should allow for fewer returns to homelessness .	Not yet started
	Population-Specific Care		
(1-2) AM. Support outreach coordination efforts in each sub-region to encourage alignment, expansion, and effectiveness.	Coordinated Services Sub-Regional Planning	Greater access to outreach and diversion services will increase the people who access the homelessness response system, as well as increase their ability to find permanent housing .	Not yet started
(1-2) AN. Support coordination, via KCRHA base building spaces, between agencies providing diversion services to share information and serve clients more efficiently.	Coordinated Services Diversion / Prevention Program Design	Coordination between providers will drive towards a more effective way to serve people which should increase exits to permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) AO. Support training for community members, advocacy groups, and faith-based groups to be more engaged in our shared homelessness response.	Community Involvement	More community members trained and able to support our unhoused neighbors will support increasing the number of people accessing the system .	In progress
(1-2) AP. Initiate and maintain relationships with private landlords, local jurisdictions, and business and philanthropy.	Community Involvement System Coordination	An increased number of available housing units allows for greater availability to directly move single adults into permanent housing.	In progress
(1-2) AQ.Collaborate with sub-regional collaborative coalitions and local jurisdictions to develop local support for sub-regional implementation plans	Sub-Regional Planning System Coordination Systemwide Standardization	Regional alignment will support the ultimate onlining of new temporary and permanent housing intervention which should increase the total number of people exiting into permanent housing .	In progress

(1-2) AR.Analyze regionwide data, such as the Understanding Unsheltered Homelessness Project (UUHP) dataset, with a sub-regional lens to better understand sub-regional differences.s.	Data Accountability Sub-Regional Planning Systemwide Standardization	Living into the Theory of Change and having data design and interpretation by those with lived experience will improve our research methods which will improve our overall understanding of how homelessness is experienced.	Not yet started
(1-2) AS.Identify and work with people with lived experience in every sub-region to understand the experience of homelessness and how it relates to where someone lives in King County	Sub-Regional Planning Accountability Community Involvement	Living into the Theory of Change and having data design and interpretation by those with lived experience will improve our research methods which will improve our overall understanding of how homelessness is experienced.	In progress
(1-2) AT.Create opportunities for people with lived experience to give feedback on the CE processes	Accountability Coordinated Entry	Improvements to Coordinated Entry informed by these sources will drive more successful housing placements which should lead to decreasing rates of return to homelessness .	In progress
(1-2) AU.Continue to pilot Partnership for Zero with integration of improvements to By-Name-List technology, incident command systems, and Medicaid billing.	Innovation Funding Data Technology	Housing people through this intervention increases the total number of people exiting to permanent housing. Building out Medicaid billing will allow for an additional sustained funding stream for the RHA, which can be used to scale this effort, allowing for greater access to the homelessness service system.	In progress
(1-2) AV.Develop capacity in homelessness response system to better leverage entitlement program benefits.	Capacity Funding Administrative	Connecting people experiencing homelessness to direct-benefit entitlement programs will increase household incomes, allowing for more opportunities to obtain and keep permanent housing . Additional entitlement programs will allow us to reposition local funding towards other supportive wrap-around services and/or to increase the number of temporary housing units in King County.	Not yet started
(1-2) AW.Pursue additional funding opportunities across federal, state, local and philanthropic sources to expand services and support.	Funding Administrative	Increasing funding in our system allows the KCRHA to increase the number of temporary and permanent housing units in King County, increasing the number	In progress Note: Successfully

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		of people who can access the system, and drive higher throughput across the system.	signed into an agreement with five North King County Jurisdictions
(1-2) AX.Provide local jurisdictions with information to support data-driven decision-making on the region's homelessness response system, including program and investment recommendations	Data Accountability Sub-Regional Planning System Coordination Systemwide Standardization	Increasing funding in our system allows the KCRHA to increase the number of temporary and permanent housing units in King County, increasing the number of people who can access the system, and drive higher throughput across the system.	In progress
(1-2) AY.Coordinate with advocacy organizations to increase state and federal funding into homelessness response.	Community Involvement	Increasing funding in our system allows the KCRHA to increase the number of temporary and permanent housing units in King County, increasing the number of people who can access the system, and drive higher throughput across the system.	In progress
(1-2) AZ. Incorporate, consider and implement liveable wage requirements in new Requests for Proposals (RFP) and contracts using findings from wage equity studies.	Procurement Capacity	Liveable wages will stabilize the front-line workforce, which will allow for retaining more staff, helping more clients maintain meaningful relationships with their case managers and other staff supporting their transition to permanent housing. Ultimately, this will increase exits to permanent housing, decrease returns, and increase throughput of the system.	

Years 3 - 5

The following are a series of actions that KCRHA and our partners will conduct in years three through five of the plan, assuming there are no increases to the program or administrative budget at KCRHA in the next budget cycle. These actions do not require additional funding.

	Year 3 - 5		
Key Actions	Topic Areas	Impact	
(3-5) A. Develop By-Name lists for each household type (e.g. family, single adult, young adult).	Data Technology Coordinated Services	Having up-to-date, accurate information of all people experiencing homelessness in King County will allow the KCRHA to better connect the right people to the right resources at the right time. This will increase the total number of people exiting to and maintaining permanent housing, while driving greater throughput of the system.	
	Standardization Innovation		
(3-5) B.Partner with technology leaders and developers to create a platform that allows program participants to see and interact with their data.	Technology Accountability Coordinated Services	Improvements to services informed by lived experience will drive more successful housing placements, which should lead to decreasing rates of return to homelessness and increased throughput of the system.	
	Innovation		
(3-5) C. Consolidate all severe weather emergency response functions for those living unsheltered to support a centralized response	Severe Weather Standardization Sub-Regional Planning	Standardization of approach across the system means that KCRHA can more reliably and consistently activate emergency protocols, which should increase the number of unsheltered people accessing the system .	
To support standardization across the region for a true regional	Coordinated Services		

response.		
Centralize the severe weather emergency response by establishing role clarity across systems and standardizing shelter response.		
(3-5) D. Pursue sub-regional agreements with sub-regions to pool funding for homeless services.	Sub-Regional Planning Funding System Coordination	Working with cities to create more efficiency in homelessness services and improve resource allocation to support housing options across the region will increase exits to permanent housing. An increased number of cities providing centralized funding for homelessness response may also increase the number of temporary and permanent units in the system.
(3-5) E Expand funding support to implement evidence-based strategies in programs that serve families	Funding Families Population-Specific Care	Increased programs for families will increase the number of families with children who access the homelessness response system, as well as increase their ability to find permanent housing.
(3-5) F. In partnership with organizations that serve historically marginalized communities,develop an inventory of successful approaches and best practices for other programs to integrate. Develop qualitative and quantitative evaluation tools to understand how these approaches work for historically marginalized communities.	Data Technology Population-Specific Care Disproportionately Represented Populations Innovation	Implementation of these best practices across the system will support increased exits to permanent housing for BIPOC, LGBTQIA2S+, and other historically marginalized communities.
(3-5) G. Develop pathways for immigrants, refugees, and asylum seekers that consider the varying levels of eligibility and documentation requirements.	Population-Specific Care Innovation System Coordination	Developing tailored approaches will support increases in access to the system and exits to permanent housing for immigrants, refugees, and asylum seekers.

(3-5) H. Change the eligibility requirements for diversion resources to allow for those at risk of experiencing homelessness to access diversion services, rather than exclusively people already experiencing homelessness.	Program Design Prevention / Diversion	Greater upstream support for people to maintain their current housing situation will decrease the number of people entering the homelessness service system .
(3-5) I. Increase provider access to diversion training to ensure best practices are followed	Prevention / Diversion Accountability Best Practices	Training will allow for providers to better utilize and deploy diversion funds, which will increase exits to permanent housing .
(3-5) J. Remove the 30- to 45-day time limit to complete diversion to accommodate households with complex needs	Prevention / Diversion Population-Specific Care	Adjusting program requirements to support flexibility for participants will improve an individual's continuation within a program, which should increase exits to permanent housing.
(3-5) K. Work with diversion providers to include case management support for three to six months after financial assistance is provided	Prevention / Diversion Population-Specific Care Coordinated Services	Extending case management will help clients who receive diversion funds maintain their housing, which should decrease returns to homelessness .
(3-5) L. Review existing region wide data collection practices with a racially-equitable lens	Data Accountability Standardization Racial Equity Best Practices	Adjusting data collection methods to better account for racial equities should drive decreases in racial disproportionalities of homelessness by race while also increasing exits to permanent housing.
(3-5) M. Develop inquiry and evaluation methods rooted in innovative and evidence-based methodology to further inform	Accountability Performance Measurement	Changes to evaluation methods will help understanding of what makes a program successful; through redefining what success looks like, programs that take more culturally responsive approaches will have

performance measurement practices	Best Practices	avenues for expansion. This should drive a greater number of BIPOC, LGBTQIA2S+, and other historically marginalized populations exiting to permanent housing.
(3-5) N. Develop and implement a culturally-responsive service provision audit framework for all disproportionately impacted populations	Disproportionately Represented Populations Accountability Administration	Increasing accountability for best practices and approaches when serving disproportionately impacted sub-populations should improve supports for these communities and should drive a greater number of people from those communities to exit to permanent housing .
 (3-5) O. Work with technology developers to create and deploy a platform that allows for direct client feedback to KCRHA independent of a provider or surveyor. Ensure that it is accessible, easy to use, and available to all. Develop a continuous improvement process to ensure the system is updated and dynamic. Connect the platform with other systems of care. Identify ways to manage information on supportive services, such as case management openings or availability of clinical 	Accountability Technology Coordinated Services	Improvements to programs informed by lived experience will drive more successful housing placements, which should lead to an increase in exits to permanent housing, greater throughput of the system, and decreases in returns to homelessness.
supports from other systems (3-5) P. Develop processes to ensure units across the region are filled through Coordinated Entry.	Coordinated Entry Administration	A coordinated system rooted in equity built into the Coordinated Entry referral process will drive decreases in racial disproportionalities of homelessness while also increasing access to the system .

	Racial Equity	
(3-5) Q. Implement effective Coordinated Entry compliance mechanisms for all housing programs in the Continuum of Care.	Coordinated Entry Accountability Administration	Improved accountability for housing programs within Coordinated Entry will support more successful housing placements, which should lead to decreasing rates of return to homelessness .
(3-5) R.Strengthen partnerships between homeless service providers, KCRHA, and key staff and faculty within school districts across King County to prevent more families and youth from becoming homeless.	System Coordination Prevention / Diversion Families YYA	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly, which can allow people to better maintain their current housing, ultimately decreasing the number of new families and youth entering the homelessness service system .
(3-5) S. Establish a data connection between the homelessness system and school districts to improve reporting and prevention.	Data System Coordination Prevention / Diversion Families YYA	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly, which can allow people to better maintain their current housing, ultimately decreasing the number of new families and youth entering the homelessness service system.
(3-5) T. Identify and support the implementation of clear policy and programming strategies to engage families identified as experiencing homelessness by schools and connect them with the necessary supports	Families System Coordination Prevention / Diversion	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly, which can increase the chances of success in permanent housing .
(3-5) U Align KCRHA strategies focused on children and youth with King County's Best Starts for Kids best practices.	YYA System Coordination Standardization	Strategic alignment on investments addressing the needs of families with children should allow for more consistent, reliable access to the system for families with children and YYA. This should allow for greater throughput of the homelessness response system and a greater number of exits to permanent housing .

(3-5) V. Partner with hospitals and medical facilities to improve connections with pediatric clinical staff to support greater levels of support and connection for families	System Coordination Families Health Care	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly, which can increase the chances of success in permanent housing for families .
(3-5) W. Strengthen coordination between providers and other systems through collaborative convenings	Coordinated Services System Coordination Accountability	Partnerships across systems allows for efficient use of resources, better understanding of system processes, and increased ability to care for people quickly, which can increase the chances of success in permanent housing , greater throughput of the system , and decrease returns to homelessness .
(3-5) X. Create strong connections with the child welfare system to create proactive connections for youth exiting foster care or other youth programs or settings.	Coordinated Services System Coordination Accountability YYA	Proactive support of youth aging out of the child welfare system can decrease the inflow of YYA experiencing homelessness while also providing quicker, more efficient paths for YYA experiencing homelessness into permanent housing. This should increase throughput of YYA temporary housing programs and increase the number of exits to permanent housing for YYA.
	Families	